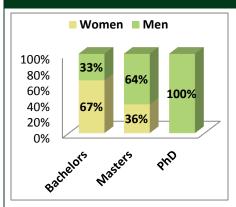


Feed the Future Innovation Labs for Collaborative Research Country Profile

Cambodia



Long-term Degree Training

Partners in Cambodia

General Directorate of Agriculture

Royal University of Phnom Penh

The Feed the Future Innovation Labs for Collaborative Research and the former Collaborative Research Support Programs (CRSPs) since 1978 have trained a total of 21 long-term degree students from Cambodia earning 21 degrees. Students were granted Bachelors (42.9%), Masters (52.4%), and PhD (4.8%) degrees. Women received nearly 48% of those degrees. The Inland Fisheries Research and Development Institute and the Royal University of Agriculture in Cambodia and granted the highest number of degrees at 16 and 3 respectively. One student was trained at North Carolina A&T State U and one at Hanoi University of Agriculture. Students were trained under AguaFish, Horticulture, and SANREM.

U.S. University Partners, Cambodia (2007 - 2013)

AguaFish

Oregon State U* U Connecticut U Conn., Avery Point U Rhode Island

BASIS AMA

UC Davis* UC Berkeley

Horticulture

UC Davis* U Hawaii, Manoa

IPM

Virginia Tech* Clemson U

SANREM

Virginia Tech* North Carolina A&T U

*Management **Entity**

BASIS AMA Horticulture AquaFish SANREM (2007 - 2013)Royal University of Agriculture lacktriangleCentre de Coopération International en Recherche Agronomique pour le Développement (CIRAD) Fisheries Administration (FiA) Freshwater Aquaculture Research and Development Center

•

•

Innovation Labs for Collaborative Research and CRSP Activities in Cambodia (2007 - 2013)*

Inland Fisheries Research & Development Institute (IFREDI)

Aquaculture & Fisheries (AquaFish)

- Assessment of Diversity and Bioecological Characteristics of low Value/Trash Fish Species
- Assessing the Impacts of Sustainable Freshwater Aquaculture Development and Small-Sized/Low-Value Fisheries Management in the Lower Mekong Basin Region of Cambodia and Vietnam
- Competition and Impacts Between use of low Value/Trash Fish for Aquaculture Feed Versus use for Human Food
- Development of Alternatives to the Use of Freshwater Low Value Fish for Aquaculture in the Lower Mekong Basin of Cambodia and Vietnam: Implications for Livelihoods, Production, and Markets
- Developing management recommendations for freshwater small-sized/low value fish in the lower Mekong region of Cambodia and Vietnam

- Development of Alternatives to the Use of Freshwater Low Value Fish for Aquaculture in the Lower Mekong Basin of Cambodia and Vietnam: Implications for Livelihoods, Production and Markets
- Feed Technology Adoption and Policy Development for Fisheries Management
- Maximizing the Utilization of Low Value or Small-Size Fish for Human Consumption by Improving Food Safety and Value Added Product Development (Fermented Fish Paste) Through the Promotion of Women's Fish Processing Groups/Associations in Cambodia
- Sustainable Snakehead Aquaculture Development in the Lower Mekong River Basin of Cambodia and Vietnam
- Value Chain of Snakehead Fish in the Lower Mekong Basin of Cambodia and Vietnam

BASIS Assets and Market Access (AMA)

 Micro Health Insurance in Rural Cambodia: An evaluation of the impact on the stabilization of incomes and enhancement of agricultural productivity and asset accumulation

Horticulture

- Increasing Food Safety and Creating a Niche in the Market for Smallholders by Educating them in Production, Postharvest, Food Safety, and Marketing and Branding their Produce According to Specific Food Safety Standards
- Integrated Postharvest Extension Program for Cambodia and Vietnam
- Strengthening Indigenous Informal Seed Systems

Integrated Pest Management (IPM)

- Ecologically-Based Participatory IPM for Southeast Asia
- Gender Equity, Knowledge, and Capacity Building
- International Plant Virus Disease Network
- International Plant Diagnostic Network

Sustainable Agriculture & Natural Resource Management (SANREM)

LTRA-12: Conservation agriculture for food security in Cambodia and the Philippines

*Activities occurred at varying points from 2007-2013.



September 2013. This publication was produced for review by the United States Agency for International Development. It was prepared by the Digest Project through support provided to Cultural Practice, LLC under contracts with US universities supported by the Bureau for Food Security, U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID). The opinions expressed herein are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the views of the USAID.